



# 5 Bonus AI Workflows For Auto Insurance Agencies

Practical workflows your team can deploy to simplify audits, subrogation, underwriting clarifications, and policy data checks.

# About This Bonus Guide

This PDF contains five additional AI workflows that build on the main article, "["AI in Auto Insurance Agencies: 10 Workflows That Save Time"](#)"

The core blog focuses on the daily coordination work inside an agency, renewals, claims, service requests, underwriting questions, and documentation. These bonus workflows follow the same approach but address tasks that are more specialized or more document-heavy.

## Workflow #11

# Documentation Request Checklist

### What It Addresses

Every claim starts with an information gap. The insured reports what happened, and the agency needs the supporting documentation that allows the claim to be opened, validated, and routed correctly. For most agencies, this early stage relies on tribal knowledge like which carrier asks for which documents, what's typically required for a hit-and-run, what a parked-damage claim usually needs, how multi-vehicle losses are documented, or when medical information becomes relevant. These patterns live across CSR experience, claims coordinator routines, old email threads, and carrier playbooks that not everyone can access quickly during busy hours.

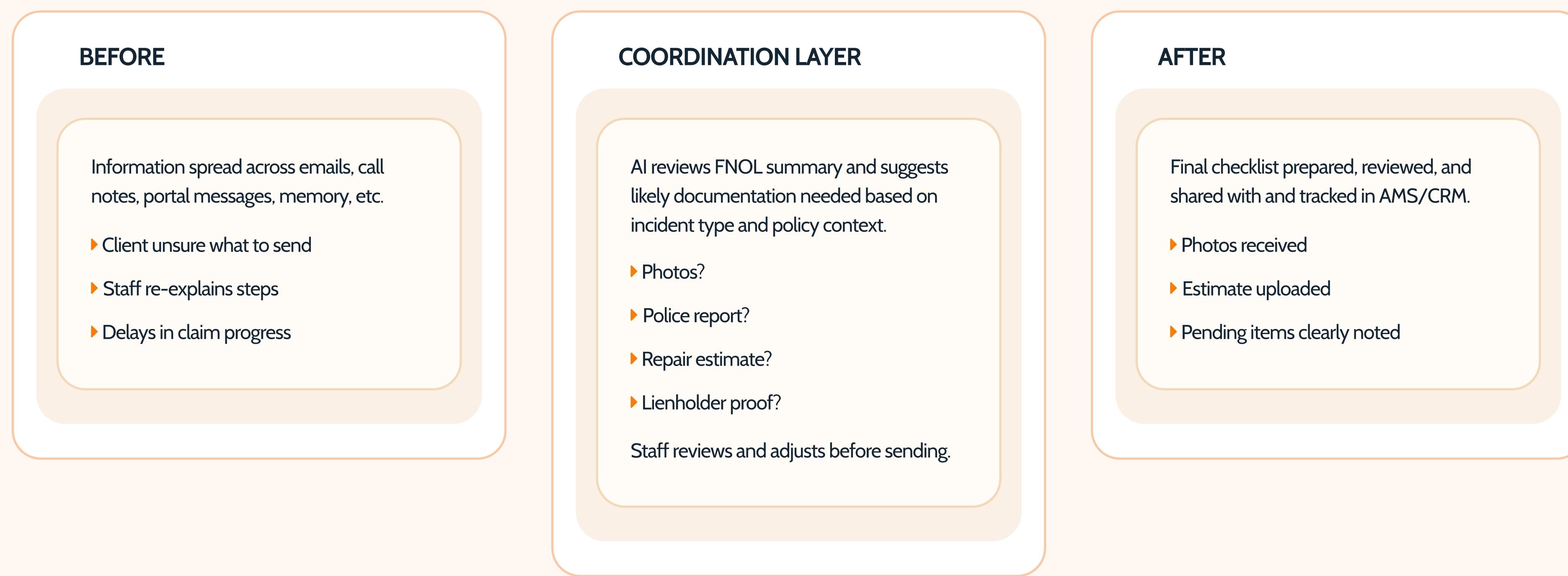
This workflow brings those patterns into one predictable starting point. It reads the initial loss information, lines it up with the policy structure, identifies the coverage involved, and brings forward the documentation set that aligns with that type of loss. It keeps the team anchored to the carrier's intake expectations, helps avoid repeat follow-ups, and reduces the time spent reconstructing what documents the carrier will eventually ask for. The goal is to give CSRs and claims coordinators a unified, consistent checklist for each loss so the early claim handling process moves with fewer delays and more clarity.

### How It Works

As the workflow starts, every piece of the incoming client's message gets cleaned so only the real description stays in focus. If they attached images, the system gives them a quick tune-up - straightens them, clears noise, reads visible text (street signs, handwritten notes, license plates), and collects any metadata the phone captured. This makes the details easier to understand.

Once the text and images are ready, the AI layer of the workflow reads them together with the policy details. This is where the workflow starts to behave like a helpful coordinator. It looks at the type of incident you're dealing with and lines it up with what usually needs to happen next. For a simple parked-car collision, it brings forward the usual early asks - a few more photos, a written description, and anything from a third party. For injury-related events, it surfaces the typical first documents carriers expect. For multi-vehicle losses, it adds the items that help avoid back-and-forth later.

Instead of giving your team a long checklist, it creates a short internal note highlighting three things - what you already have, what typically comes next, and what details the client hasn't provided yet but will likely be needed. The team reviews this note, adjusts it, and sends the follow-up message in their own tone. Nothing is sent to clients automatically, and nothing is pushed into the AMS or CRM until a human approves it. The workflow's job is to make the first ten minutes of FNOL steadier and easier.



## TOOLS (USING THE SHARED LAYERS DEFINED EARLIER)

LAYER	COMMON OPTIONS
Workflow Sequencing	n8n, Make
AI Processing	Claude 3, GPT-4.1, Gemini

## How Teams Use It

A CSR or Account Manager generates the checklist shortly after the initial loss intake. The list is either sent as an email or used as talking points in a call with the client. The checklist is stored in the account file, and items are checked off as they are received. Producers are consulted only when an exception needs direct guidance.

## Try This Next Week

For the next new FNOL case, generate a checklist before contacting the client a second time.

## Workflow #12

# Subrogation Review Packet Assembly

### What It Addresses

This workflow also is a sub workflow within the [FNOL cycle](#) within an insurance agency. Subrogation work often begins long after the initial loss, and by that point, the information needed for recovery is spread across claim notes, emails, photos, adjuster updates, repair estimates, and carrier correspondence. Pulling all of this into a single packet takes time and depends heavily on how well the earlier claim stages were documented. Agencies often keep reference materials for subrogation like repair documentation standards, carrier recovery checklists, comparative negligence guidance but these resources are rarely gathered in one place during day-to-day agency work.

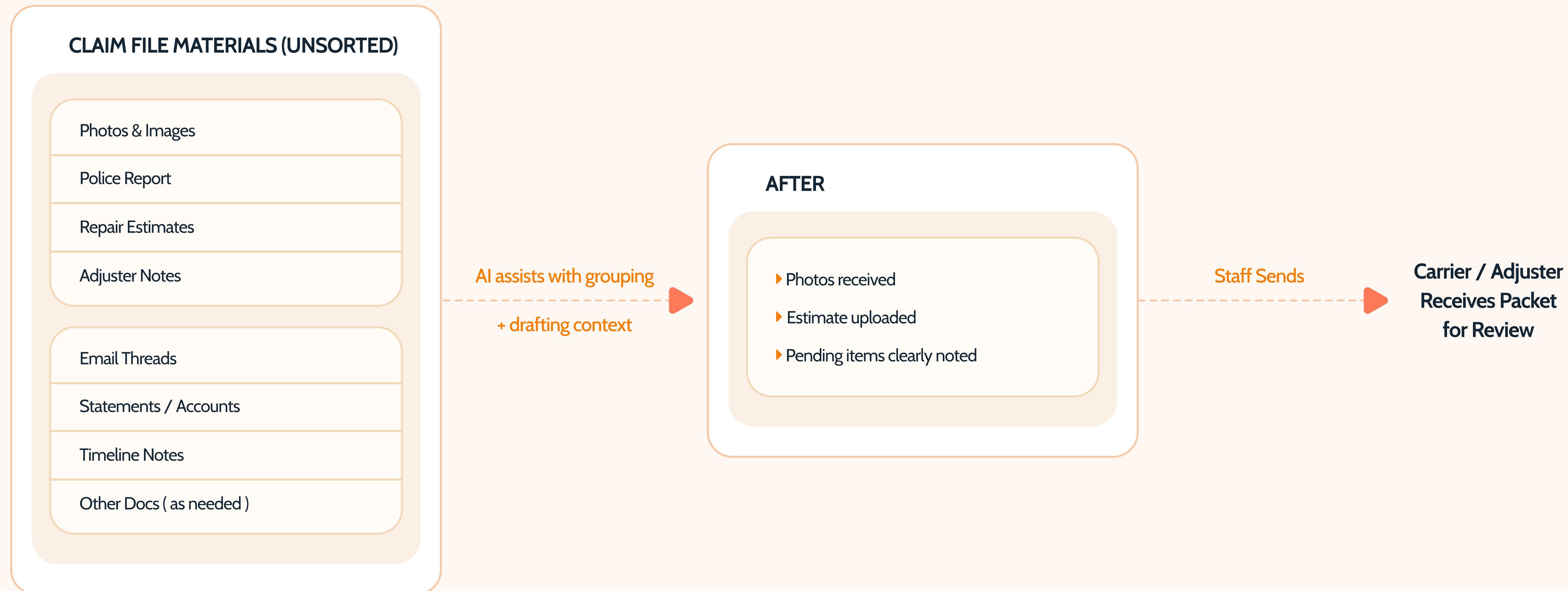
This workflow gives the team a ready-to-review packet that brings the relevant documents forward in one organized set with the incident narrative, loss photos, policy structure, liability indicators, repair information, and third-party details when applicable. It helps the agency prepare clean, reviewable material for the carrier or the insured, and reduces the need to backtrack through older communications to reconstruct the loss.

### How It Works

The workflow begins by pulling the full version of the claim which includes the FNOL summary, any follow-up emails exchanged with the insured, repair facility estimates, adjuster comments, and any documents already attached to the account in the AMS or CRM. It aligns these pieces with the policy structure to confirm the relevant coverages, collision, property damage liability, comprehensive, or UM/UIM, since recovery steps vary depending on which line applies.

Incoming documents and photos go through the same preparation steps used earlier in the FNOL claim. PDFs are converted into searchable text, images are normalized, readable text is captured through OCR, and a visual model highlights features that relate to the event (vehicle position, impact areas, presence of other vehicles, road conditions). These details help the AI component understand the context of the loss so it can assemble the packet correctly.

Once the materials are ready, the AI component reads them together as a single case. It identifies the core elements needed for subrogation review like loss date, point of impact, vehicle involved, third-party involvement, estimates, invoices, supporting photos, and any communication that describes responsibility. It then organizes these items into a clean internal packet: a short narrative summarizing the event, a list of documents available, a list of documents missing, and a structured set of materials grouped by type (photos, statements, estimates, reports, communications). The packet is created as an internal reference.



## TOOLS (USING THE SHARED LAYERS DEFINED EARLIER)

LAYER	COMMON OPTIONS
Workflow Sequencing	n8n, Make
AI Processing	Claude 3, GPT-4.1, Gemini

## How Teams Use It

A CSR, Account Manager, or Claims Coordinator uses the workflow after reviewing the claim status. The summary is verified before forwarding materials to the carrier. If needed, a Producer adds additional background. The packet is stored in the claim record for future reference.

## Try This Next Week

For one open claim that may involve recovery, generate the timeline summary and use it as the starting point for packet preparation.

## Workflow #13

# Underwriting Information Clarification Packet

### What It Addresses

When underwriting requests clarification (driver history, garaging verification, business use, fleet radius, loss context), the needed information is often scattered across emails, call notes, and older documents. Without structure, responding can require multiple follow-ups and repeated questioning of the client. This creates delays and increases back-and-forth.

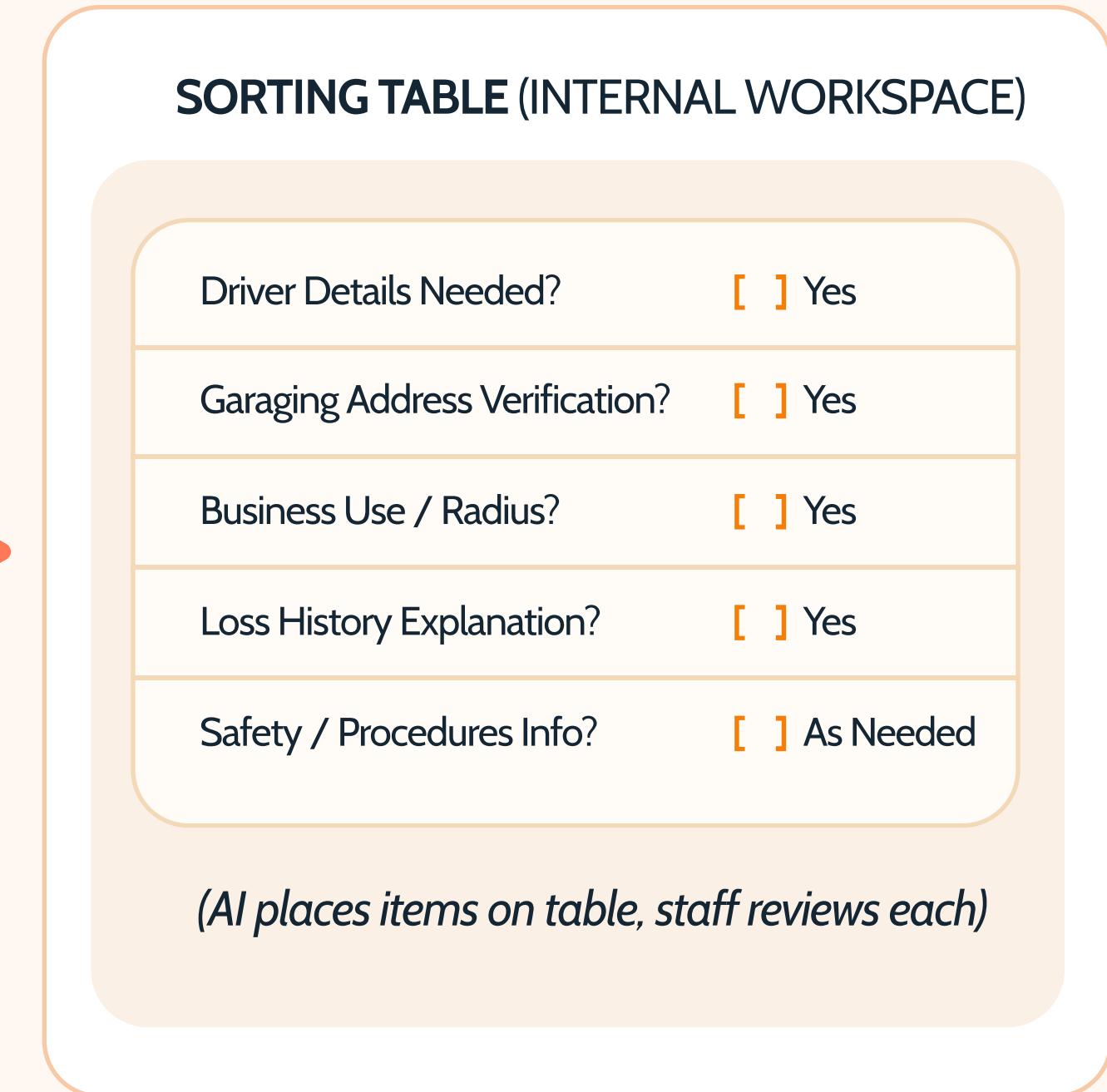
### How It Works

The workflow reads the underwriting request and generates a clear, internal clarification outline. The AI layer does not evaluate risk or influence underwriting decisions. It only helps identify what information needs to be confirmed, so the staff member can efficiently gather and respond.

### AI's Role

- ▶ Extract requested items from carrier or underwriting email
- ▶ Organize them into a **simple, internal checklist**
- ▶ Staff reviews, edits, confirms accuracy
- ▶ Client is contacted using the clarified list
- ▶ AMS / CRM remains the **system of record**, where the final packet is stored

**Underwriting Request Content**  
(Email • Supplemental Form • Portal Message Text)



**Client Clarification Notes Collected**  
(Call, Email, or Document Upload)

**Final Clarification**  
**Packet Compiled**  
+ Sent  
+ Stored in AMS / CRM for Continuity

## TOOLS (USING THE SHARED LAYERS DEFINED EARLIER)

LAYER	COMMON OPTIONS
Workflow Sequencing	n8n, Make
AI Processing	Claude 3, GPT-4.1, Gemini

## How Teams Use It

Claims coordinators open the packet when a case reaches the point where recovery may be possible. It becomes their quick reference for understanding the loss without scrolling through old messages. CSRs use it when assisting the insured with recovery questions, especially when multiple claims are active at once. Producers sometimes review the packet when clients ask about the recovery timeline or what happens next. The packet functions as a shared view of the case, not something that has to be rebuilt each time someone touches the file.

## Try This Next Week

Take one active underwriting follow-up request. Generate a clarification outline before contacting the client.

## Workflow #14

# Audit Preparation Summaries

### What It Addresses

Audit season brings a predictable amount of information gathering. The carrier needs payroll figures, sales numbers, class codes, subcontractor details, and any exposure changes that happened during the policy term. Most of this lives inside the account file, but it's spread across notes, endorsements, certificates, and older conversations. Your team pulls these pieces together each year, and it takes time. This workflow gives you a single place to start, with the core exposure details already organized.

### How It Works

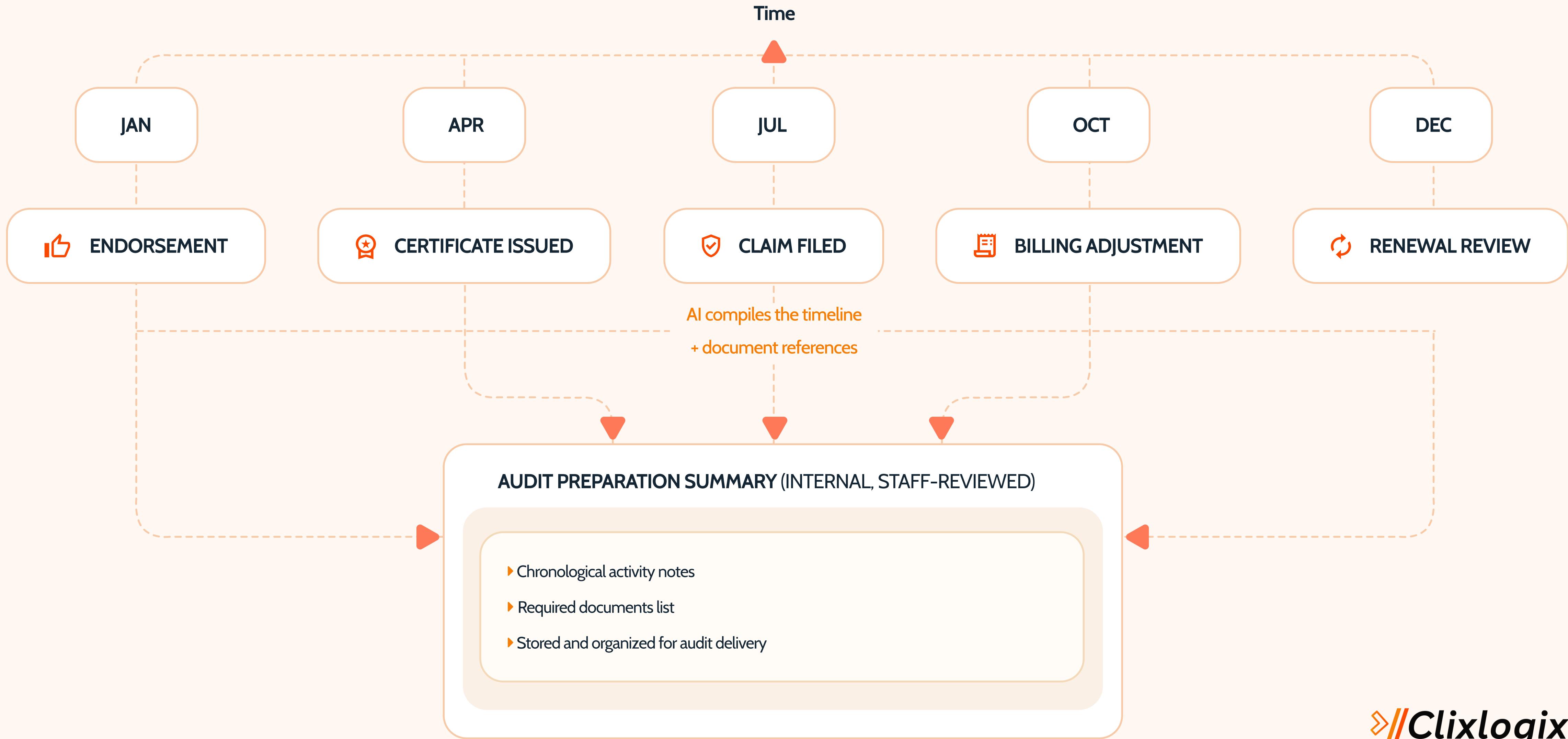
The workflow begins by pulling the exposure-related data from the AMS or CRM. This data includes items like payroll, sales, class codes, locations, subcontractor status, and any mid-term adjustments. It also retrieves the associated documents like certificates, W-9s, prior audit summaries, and any other paperwork that may support the exposure picture.

Once the data is gathered, documents are converted into clean, structured text. PDFs are scanned for key fields: totals, dates, class codes, and notes about subcontractors. If the client shares spreadsheets or payroll reports, the workflow extracts the relevant columns so everything sits in one place.

With the pieces now assembled, AI reads the material as a single view of the account. It identifies the exposure elements the carrier will evaluate during the audit like payroll totals, sales volume, employee classifications, subcontractor use, and any changes that occurred during the term. It also notes movements inside the account, new locations, staffing changes, revised estimates, so the team knows what to prepare for the auditor.

The workflow then creates a short internal summary. It includes a simple narrative of the exposure picture, a table of key numbers, a list of documents already on file, and a small set of items that may need to be collected before the audit appointment. Nothing is sent to the client automatically. The AMS or CRM stays unchanged until the team decides what to request and how to prepare the client for the audit.

## Audit Period (Policy Term)



## TOOLS

LAYER	SAAS OPTIONS	SELF-HOSTED OPTIONS
Orchestration	n8n, Make	n8n Self-Hosted
AI Processing	Claude 3, GPT-4.1	Mixtral / Llama Runtime
Document Parsing	AssemblyAI, AWS Textract	Open-source PDF parsing + embeddings
File Retrieval	AMS/CRM API	Local or S3-compatible storage

## How Teams Use It

A CSR, Account Manager, Business Operations role, or Renewal Lead generates the audit summary before the scheduled audit review. The summary helps ensure all required documents are accounted for. The Producer is included only if context or narrative explanation is needed.

## Try This Next Week

For one account with a scheduled review or renewal, generate an activity summary and use it to confirm document completeness.

## Workflow #15

# Policy Data Normalization & Consistency Check

### What It Addresses

Most policies evolve through the year with aspects like endorsements, vehicle changes, driver updates, garaging corrections, lienholder adjustments, and billing changes. Each update leaves a footprint inside the account file, and over time, small inconsistencies appear across systems. A driver removed in the AMS may still appear on a legacy carrier form. A garaging Zipcode updated mid-term may not match the prior declarations page. A VIN correction may exist in an email thread but not on the current dec page.

Agencies usually catch these during renewal prep or when a claim surfaces, but reviewing them one by one takes time. This workflow brings all of those movements into one normalized view. It compares the policy data across the AMS, carrier documents, endorsements, and internal notes, and highlights the areas that need alignment. It helps the team see the full policy picture at a glance before the next renewal conversation or mid-term review.

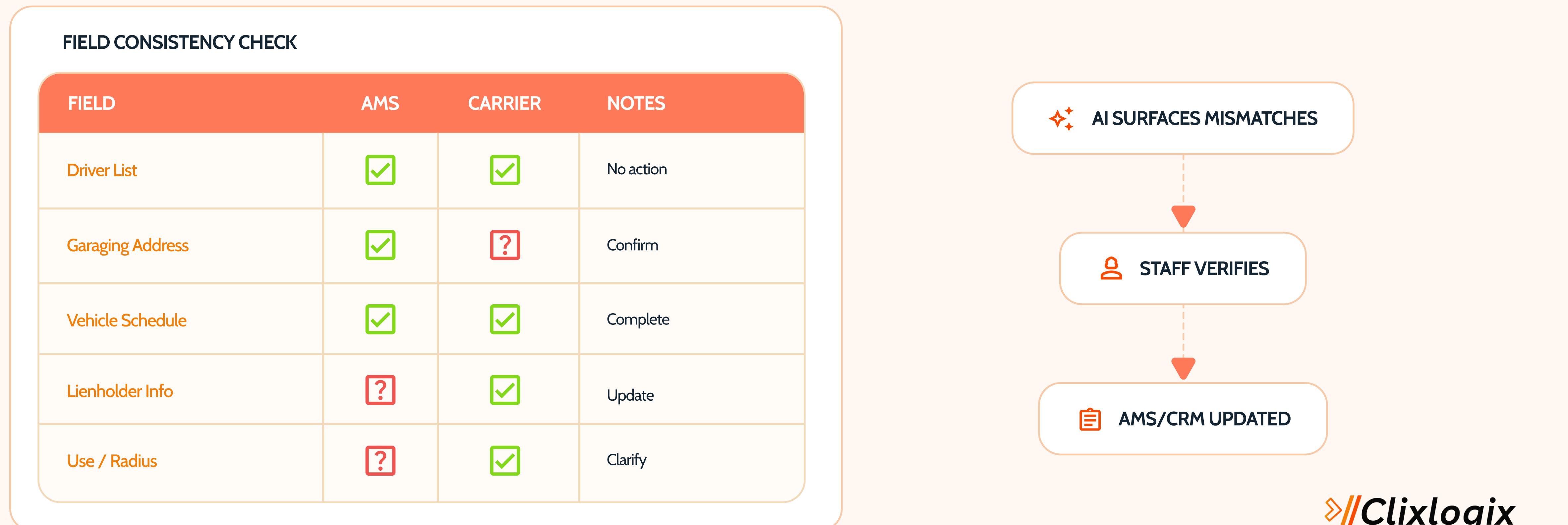
### How It Works

The workflow starts by pulling the structured policy fields from the AMS or CRM, drivers, vehicles, garaging addresses, lienholders, class codes, coverage limits, deductibles, and premium-bearing fields like liability limits and physical damage selections. It also retrieves recent endorsements, carrier-generated documents (dec pages, supplemental forms), and any internal notes that mention a change during the term.

Once the structured data is collected, the unstructured materials go through a preparation pass. PDFs are converted into searchable text so the workflow can extract VINs, driver names, addresses, and coverage values from the dec pages. Emails are scanned for common update markers, “please add,” “please remove,” “correct VIN,” “update garaging,” “lienholder change.” This gives the workflow a complete picture of what the policy currently includes and what was requested during the term.

AI reads these pieces as a single policy snapshot. It aligns the AMS data with the carrier documents to identify mismatches that matter: VIN discrepancies, missing drivers, garaging differences, outdated lienholder names, or coverage limits that don't match the current carrier declaration. It also checks for minor inconsistencies that create servicing friction, such as nickname vs. legal name variations or outdated mailing addresses. Each discrepancy is flagged with the source of the information, AMS, carrier form, endorsement, or email thread, so the team can quickly verify the correct value.

Once the normalization is complete, the workflow creates a short internal summary. It includes a clean view of the policy as it stands today, a list of alignment points the team may want to correct with the carrier, and a set of notes that highlight the fields that should be confirmed with the insured before renewal or during a mid-term review. Nothing gets updated automatically. The AMS and carrier systems remain unchanged until the CSR or account manager decides what to update and how to communicate those changes.



## TOOLS (USING PREVIOUSLY DEFINED LAYERS)

LAYER	COMMON OPTIONS
Workflow Sequencing	n8n, Make
AI Processing	Claude 3, GPT-4.1, Gemini

## How Teams Use It

Account managers usually open the summary before renewal meetings. It gives them a clear view of what to verify with the insured and what to update with the carrier. CSRs use it during mid-term servicing when the insured asks for changes or when they notice something that doesn't match a carrier document. Producers reference it during stewardship reviews with commercial clients, especially when exposure data shifted during the policy term. The workflow becomes the team's way of grounding the account in a single, validated policy view.

## Try This Next Week

Before starting a renewal call, run a quick normalization check and confirm details with the client at the beginning of the conversation.

# Where These Workflows Fit in Your Agency

These five workflows extend the same “AI coordination layer” described in the main guide. They don’t replace your AMS, CRM, or internal processes, they simply reduce the time your team spends gathering context, rewriting information, or preparing documents.

Each workflow is small, familiar, and easy to test. When combined with your day-to-day routines, they help teams begin every task with clearer inputs and fewer back-and-forth loops.

# If You Haven't Read the Full Guide Yet

This bonus PDF is part of a larger framework that outlines how auto insurance agencies use AI to simplify daily operations across renewals, claims, service, underwriting, and commercial accounts.

**The main guide walks through :**

- ▶ The 10 foundational workflows
- ▶ How different roles use AI in real tasks
- ▶ How the coordination layer fits around your AMS/CRM
- ▶ A simple rollout plan to help your team start safely

If you'd like the complete picture, the full guide connects all the pieces.

# A Final Note

AI is not here to replace teams, it's here to take the repetitive load off their plate. Every workflow in this PDF gives your agency a clearer starting point, better-prepared information, and faster paths to action.

Feel free to adapt these workflows, test them with a small group, or plug them into the processes your team already trusts. Small improvements compound quickly.

**Thank you for reading.** We hope these ideas help your agency work with a little more clarity and a lot less friction.